



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

This form complies with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. The information contained herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted for accuracy whether originating with this company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

NFPA SYMBOL



- 4 Extreme
- 3 High
- 2 Moderate
- 1 Slight
- 0 Insignificant

IDENTITY: (AS USED ON LABEL AND LIST)

Foremost 2154 X-Mark Remover

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY CALL: INFOTRAC 1-800-535-5053

SECTION I

ADDRESS:

Delta Foremost Chemical Corporation
3915 Air Park St.
Memphis, Tennessee 38118

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: INFOTRAC
TELEPHONE NUMBER FOR INFORMATION: (901) 363-4340
DATE PREPARED: October 15, 2002

SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/IDENTITY INFORMATION

HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS SPECIFIC CHEMICAL IDENTITY: COMMON NAME(S)

	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	OTHER LIMITS RECOMMENDED	% (OPTIONAL)
CAS# 9016-45-9 Nonylphenol Ethoxylate	N/L	N/L	4000 mg/kg (LD50-oral rat)	N/L
CAS# 68476-85-7 Liquefied Petroleum Gas	1000 ppm	1000 ppm	N/L	N/L

This product contains the following chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 313, and 40 CFR 372.

CAS# 75-09-2 Methylene Chloride	500 ppm	50 ppm	1500/2400mg/kg (LD50-oral rat)	N/L
CAS# 127-18-4 Perchloroethylene	100 ppm	50 ppm	10g/kg (skin-rab.)	N/L
CAS# 108-88-3 Toluene	200 ppm	50 ppm	5g/kg (oral-rab.)	N/L

SECTION III: PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

BOILING POINT: N/A

VAPOR PRESSURE: (mm Hg.) 90 @ 130°F

VAPOR DENSITY: (AIR = 1) >1.0

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Negligible

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: (WATER = 1) <1.0

MELTING POINT: N/A

EVAPORATION RATE: (BUTYL ACETATE = 1) <1.0

APPEARANCE AND ODOR: Course spray, methylene chloride and toluene odor

SECTION IV: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT: (METHOD USED) Flammable

FLAMMABLE LIMITS: LEL: 1.8

UEL: 9.2

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Foam, carbon dioxide or dry chemical extinguisher.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. Use equipment or shielding, as required, to protect personnel from bursting, rupturing, or venting containers.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD: At elevated temperatures (over 130°F) containers should be cooled with water to prevent weakening of container structure.