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1. Product and Company Identification			
Product Code:	211		
Product Name:	Camco Quik Stain® II		
Company Name:	Cambridge Diagnostic Products, Inc. 6880 NW 17th Avenue Fort Lauderdale, FL 33309	<b>Phone Number:</b> 011 (954)971-4040	
Web site address:	www.ecamco.com		
Email address:	techinfo@ecamco.com		
Emergency Contact:	INFOTRAC USA & Canada #107913 International #107913	1 (800)535-5053 1 (352)323-3500	
Information:	Collect calls accepted		
Intended Use:	NON INDUSTRIAL USE - Typically sold in less.	n small quantity for laboratory use, 1 gallon or	

2. Hazards Identification

Flammable Liquids, Category 2 Acute Toxicity: Oral, Category 3 Acute Toxicity: Skin, Category 3 Acute Toxicity: Inhalation, Category 3 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure), Category 1



GHS Signal Word: GHS Hazard Phrases:	Danger H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H301+311_331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. H370 - Causes damage to organs Central Nervous System, Eye, Kidney, Liver, Optic Nerve, Skin and Respiratory System.
GHS Precaution Phrases:	<ul> <li>P233 - Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.</li> <li>P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.</li> <li>P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.</li> <li>P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray .</li> </ul>
GHS Response Phrases:	<ul> <li>P370+378 - In case of fire, use use dry sand,dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.</li> <li>P303+361+353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.</li> <li>P309+311 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if exposed or you feel unwell.</li> <li>P301+310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.</li> <li>P302+352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.</li> <li>P361+364 - Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P304+340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.</li> <li>P322 - Specific measures see on this label.</li> <li>P308+311 - If exposed of concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or Doctor</li> </ul>
GHS Storage and Disposal	P403+235 - Store in cool/well-ventilated place.

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Phrases:	P404 - Store in a closed container. P501 - Dispose of contents/container to in accordance with Federal, State and local. P403+233 - Store container tightly closed in well-ventilated place.
Potential Health Effects (Acute and Chronic):	Chronic: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis. Chronic exposure may cause effects similar to those of acute exposure. Methanol is only very slowly eliminated from the body. Because of this slow elimination, methanol should be regarded as a cumulative poison. Though a single exposure may cause no effect, daily exposures may result in the accumulation of a harmful amount. Methanol has produced fetotoxicity in rats and teratogenicity in mice exposed by inhalation to high concentrations that did not produce significant maternal toxicity.
Inhalation:	Methanol is toxic and can very readily form extremely high vapor concentrations at room temperature. Inhalation is the most common route of occupational exposure. At first, methanol causes CNS depression with nausea, headache, vomiting, dizziness and incoordination. A time period with no obvious symptoms follows (typically 8-24 hrs). This latent period is followed by metabolic acidosis and severe visual effects which may include reduced reactivity and/or increased sensitivity to light, blurred, double and/or snowy vision, and blindness. Depending on the severity of exposure and the promptness of treatment, survivors may recover completely or may have permanent blindness, vision disturbances and/or nervous system effects.
Skin Contact:	Causes moderate skin irritation. May be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. Prolonged and/or repeated contact may cause defatting of the skin and dermatitis. Methanol can be absorbed through the skin, producing systemic effects that include visual disturbances.
Eye Contact:	May cause painful sensitization to light. Methanol is a mild to moderate eye irritant. Inhalation, ingestion or skin absorption of methanol can cause significant disturbances in vision, including blindness.
Ingestion:	May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Aspiration hazard. Cannot be made non-poisonous. May cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause systemic toxicity with acidosis. May cause central nervous system depression, characterized by excitement, followed by headache, dizziness, drowsiness, and nausea. Advanced stages may cause collapse, unconsciousness, coma and possible death due to respiratory failure. May cause cardiopulmonary system effects.
	3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

CAS #	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	Concentration	RTECS #
67-56-1	Methanol	~90.0 %	PC1400000



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	4. First Aid Measures
Emergency and First Aid Procedures:	General Advice: Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting rescue and providing first aid. Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.
In Case of Inhalation:	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid.
In Case of Skin Contact:	Wash skin with soap and water. Flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical aid immediately. Wash clothing before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
In Case of Eye Contact:	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Ge medical aid.
In Case of Ingestion:	Potential for aspiration if swallowed. Get medical aid immediately. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.
Note to Physician:	Effects may be delayed. Antidote: Ethanol may inhibit methanol metabolism.
	5. Fire Fighting Measures
Flash Pt:	12.00 C (53.6 F)
Explosive Limits:	LEL: 6.7 UEL: 36
Autoignition Pt:	455.00 C (851.0 F)
Suitable Extinguishing Medi	<b>a:</b> For small fires, use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam. Water may be ineffective. For large fires, use water spray, fog, or alcohol-resistant foam. Do NOT use straight streams of water.
Fire Fighting Instructions:	As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Water may be ineffective. Material is lighter than water and a fire may be spread by the use of water. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors can spread along the ground and collect in low or confined areas.
Flammable Properties and	OSHA/NFPA Class IB Flammable Liquid.
Hazards:	No data available.
	6. Accidental Release Measures
Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled:	Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Spills/Leaks: Use water spray to disperse the gas/vapor. Remove all sources of ignition. Absorb spill using an absorbent, non-combustible material such as earth, sand, or vermiculite. Do not use combustible materials such as sawdust. Use a spark-proof tool. Provide ventilation. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Water spray may reduce vapor but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.
	7. Handling and Storage
Precautions To Be Taken in Handling:	Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep container tightly closed. Do not ingest or inhale. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid use in confined spaces. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.



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Precautions To Be Taken in Storing:

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep away from sources of ignition. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Flammables-area. Keep containers tightly closed.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection					
CAS #	Partial Chemical	l Name	OSHA TWA	ACGIH TWA	Other Limits
67-56-1	Methanol		PEL: 200 ppm	TLV: 200 ppm STEL: 250 ppm	No data.
Respiratory (Specify Typ	ory EquipmentFollow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European StandType):EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.		respirator if		
Eye Protecti	ion:	Wear chemical splas	sh goggles. Eye wash stati	on in work area.	
Protective G	àloves:	Handle with gloves. Use appropriate gloves approved for laboratory and chemical handling. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash with soap and water then dry hands.			
Other Protect	Other Protective Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure. Wear impervious, fla retardant, antistatic protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.			•	
Engineering (Ventilation	•	Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below the permissible exposure limits.			
Work/Hygiei Practices:	nic/Maintenance	<ul> <li>Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.</li> </ul>			
9. Physical and Chemical Properties					
Physical Sta Appearance		[ ] Gas [ X ] Liqu Alcohol-like. Dark blue, low viscos			

	Dark blue, low viscosity liquid.		
Melting Point:	-98.00 C (-144.4 F)		
Boiling Point:	64.70 C (148.5 F)		
Flash Pt:	12.00 C (53.6 F)		
Evaporation Rate:	5.9		
Flammability (solid, gas):	None.		
Explosive Limits:	LEL: 6.7 UEL: 36		
Vapor Pressure (vs. Air or	130.3 hPa at 20.0 C (68.0 F)		
mm Hg):			
Vapor Density (vs. Air = 1):	1.1		
Specific Gravity (Water = 1):	0.791 at 25.0 C (77.0 F)		
Density:	0.7910 G/CM3		
Solubility in Water:	Completely		
Solubility Notes:	Completely miscible in water in any proportion.		



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Percent Volatile:	No data.
Autoignition Pt:	455.00 C (851.0 F)
Decomposition Temperature:	NA

10. Stability and Reactivity				
Stability:	Unstable [ ] Stable [ X ]			
Conditions To Avoid - Instability:	Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. High temperatures, ignition sources, confined spaces.			
Incompatibility - Materials To Avoid:	<ul> <li>Oxidizing agents, Reducing agents, acids. Alkali metals, Potassium, Sodium, metals as powders (e.g. hafnium, raney nickel), Acid anhydrides, Acid chlorides, powdered aluminum, powdered magnesium.</li> </ul>			
Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts:	Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions - Carbon oxides.			
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:	Will occur [ ] Will not occur [ X ]			
Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Reactions:	No data available.			
	11. Toxicological Information			
Toxicological Information:	Epidemiology: No Information available. No information found. Teratogenicity: There is no human information available. Methanol is considered to be a potential developmental hazard based on animal data. In animal experiments, methanol has caused fetotoxic or teratogenic effects without maternal toxicity. Reproductive Effects: See actual entry in RTECS for complete information. Mutagenicity: Neurotoxicity: ACGIH cites neuropathy, vision and CNS under TLV basis. Other Studies:			
Carcinogenicity/Other Information:	CAS# 67-56-1: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC or NTP.			
Carcinogenicity:	NTP? No IARC Monographs? No OSHA Regulated? No			
	12. Ecological Information			
General Ecological Information:	Environmental: Dangerous to aquatic life in high concentrations. Aquatic toxicity rating: TLm 961000 ppm. It may be dangerous if it enters water intakes. Methyl alcohol is expected to biodegrade in soil and water very rapidly. This product will show high soil mobility and will be degraded from the ambient atmosphere by the reaction with photochemically produced hyroxyl radicals with an estimated half-life of 17.8 days. Bioconcentration factor for fish (golden ide) < 10.Based on a log Kow of -0.77, the BCF value for methanol can be estimated to be 0. Physical: No information available.			
	13. Disposal Considerations			
Waste Disposal Method:	Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification. RCRA P-Series: None listed. RCRA U-Series: CAS# 67-56-1: waste number U154 (Ignitable waste).			
14. Transport Information				

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LAND TRANSPORT (US DOT):

#### SAFETY DATA SHEET **Camco Quik Stain® II**

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DOT Proper Shipping Name	Methanol. Solution.		
DOT Hazard Class:	3 FLAMMABLE LIQUID		
UN/NA Number:	UN1230	Packing Group:	II
LAND TRANSPORT (Canadian	TDG):		
TDG Shipping Name: UN Number: Hazard Class:	Methanol. Solution. 1230 3 (6.1) - FLAMMABLE LIQUID, POISON	Packing Group: TDG Classification:	II
Information: O F F	or less than 1 liter - ORM-	230, Methanol Solution, Class 3, P0 D Consumer Commodity. ada: Box must include Flammable L	
	15 Regulato	ry Information	

#### EPA SARA (Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986) Lists CAS # Hazardous Components (Chemical Name) S. 302 (EHS) S. 304 RQ S. 313 (TRI) 67-56-1 Methanol No Yes 5000 LB Yes This material meets the EPA [X] Yes [] No Acute (immediate) Health Hazard 'Hazard Categories' defined [X] Yes [] No Chronic (delayed) Health Hazard Fire Hazard for SARA Title III Sections [X] Yes [] No Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard 311/312 as indicated: [] Yes [X] No [] Yes [X] No Reactive Hazard CAS # Hazardous Components (Chemical Name) Other US EPA or State Lists CAA HAP, ODC: HAP; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Yes -67-56-1 Methanol Inventory; CA PROP.65: Yes; CA TAC, Title 8: TAC, Title 8; MA Oil/HazMat: Yes; MI CMR, Part 5: Part 5; NC TAP: Yes; NJ EHS: Yes - 1222; NY Part 597: Yes; PA HSL: Yes - E; SC TAP: Yes; WI Air: Yes

### 16. Other Information

**Revision Date:** 







Additional Information About No data available.

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This Product:

**Company Policy or Disclaimer:** 

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