

KWIK Marine Paint & Varnish Remover

Printed: 04/22/2015

Revision: 04/22/2015

Supersedes Revision: 07/12/2010

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name:	KWIK Marine Paint & Varnish Remover	
Company Name:	W. M. Barr 2105 Channel Avenue Memphis, TN 38113	Phone Number: (901)775-0100
Web site address:	www.wmbarr.com	
Emergency Contact:	3E 24 Hour Emergency Contact	(800)451-8346
Information:	W.M. Barr Customer Service	(800)398-3892
Intended Use:	Removes tough finishes, marine paints, and marine varnishes.	
Synonyms:	GMR956, QMR956, CMR956	
Additional Information	This product is regulated by the United States Consumer Product Safety Commission and is subject to certain labeling requirements under the Federal Hazardous Substances Act. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets (SDS). The product label also includes other important information, including directions for use, and should always be read in its entirety prior to using the product.	

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Acute Toxicity: Oral, Category 4
 Acute Toxicity: Inhalation, Category 4
 Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2
 Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, Category 2A
 Carcinogenicity, Category 1B
 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure), Category 1



GHS Signal Word:	Danger
GHS Hazard Phrases:	H302: Harmful if swallowed. H315: Causes skin irritation. H319: Causes serious eye irritation. H332: Harmful if inhaled. H350: May cause cancer. H370: Causes damage to organs.
GHS Precaution Phrases:	P201: Obtain special instructions before use. P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P260: Do not breathe gas/mist/vapors/spray. P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
GHS Response Phrases:	P301+312: IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P302+352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P304+340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P307+311: IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P308+313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice.

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P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P321: Specific treatment see label.

P330: Rinse mouth.

P332+313: If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention.

P337+313: If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

P362: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

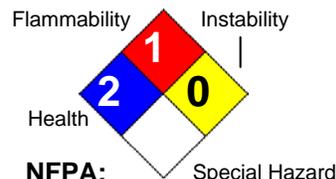
GHS Storage and Disposal Phrases:

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents/container according to local, state and federal regulations.

Hazard Rating System:

HEALTH	*	2
FLAMMABILITY		1
PHYSICAL		0
PPE		X

**NFPA:****HMIS:****OSHA Regulatory Status:**

This material is classified as hazardous under OSHA regulations.

Potential Health Effects (Acute and Chronic):

This product has not been tested a mixture to determine potential health effects. Exposure effects below represent those of the ingredients listed in Section 3.

INHALATION ACUTE EXPOSURE EFFECTS:

Vapor harmful. May cause upper respiratory tract irritation and central nervous system depression with symptoms such as confusion, lightheadedness, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, headache, and fatigue. Causes formation of carbon monoxide in blood which may affect the cardiovascular system and central nervous system.

Continued exposure may cause unconsciousness and even death.

Intentional misuse of this product by deliberately concentration and inhaling vapors can be harmful or fatal.

SKIN CONTACT ACUTE EXPOSURE EFFECTS:

This product is a skin irritant. Product may be absorbed through the skin. May cause effects ranging from mild irritation to severe pain, and possibly burns, depending on the intensity of contact. Symptoms may include dryness, redness, burning, cracking of the skin, and skin burns.

EYE CONTACT ACUTE EXPOSURE EFFECTS:

This material is an eye irritant. May cause irritation, watering/tearing, redness, stinging or burning sensation, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause corneal injury. Vapors may irritate the eyes.

INGESTION ACUTE EXPOSURE EFFECTS:

POISON. CANNOT BE MADE NON-POISONOUS. May be fatal or cause blindness. May cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, irritation of the mouth and throat, gastrointestinal irritation, holes in esophagus and stomach, delirium, coma, and death. Absorption through the gastrointestinal tract may produce central nervous system depression, characterized by excitement, followed by headache, dizziness, drowsiness, and nausea. Advanced stages may cause collapse, unconsciousness, coma and possible death due to respiratory failure. May cause kidney damage.

CHRONIC EXPOSURE EFFECTS:

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with neurological and other physiological damage.

May cause liver and kidney damage.

Methylene chloride may cause cancer based on animal data.

Methanol has caused birth defects in laboratory animals, but only when inhaled at

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extremely high vapor concentration. The relevance of this finding to humans is uncertain.

TARGET ORGANS: blood, central nervous system, liver, kidneys, skin, cardiovascular system, heart, eyes, pancreas, lungs, brain

ADDITIONAL DATA: Alcohol may enhance the toxic effects. May cross the placenta. May be excreted in breast milk. Concurrent exposure to carbon monoxide, smoking, or physical activity may increase the level of carboxyhemoglobin in the blood resulting in additive effects.

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated By Exposure: Disorders and diseases of the skin, eyes, liver, kidneys, lungs, central nervous system, cardiovascular system and respiratory system; alcoholism; and rhythm disorders of the heart.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS #	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	Concentration	RTECS #
75-09-2	Dichloromethane {Methylene chloride; R-30; Freon 30}	60.0 -100.0 %	PA8050000
67-56-1	Methanol {Methyl alcohol; Carbinol; Wood alcohol}	5.0 -10.0 %	PC1400000
67-63-0	Isopropyl alcohol {sec-Propyl alcohol; IPA; 2-Propanol}	< 5.0 %	NT8050000
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated light distillate (petroleum)	< 5.0 %	OA5504000

Additional Chemical Information Specific percentage of composition is being withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Emergency and First Aid Procedures: Skin:
Immediately wash skin thoroughly with large amounts of water and mild soap, if available. Remove contaminated clothing. Seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Eyes:
Immediately begin to flush eyes with water, remove any contact lens. Continue to flush the eyes for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention.

Inhalation:
Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion:
If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting, unless directed by medical personnel. Seek immediate medical attention. Call a poison control center, hospital emergency room, or physician immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Signs and Symptoms Of Exposure: See Potential Health Effects.

Note to Physician: This product contains methylene chloride and methanol.

This product contains methanol which can cause intoxication and central nervous system depression. Methanol is metabolized to formic acid and formaldehyde. These metabolites can cause metabolic acidosis, visual disturbances and blindness. Since

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metabolism is required for these toxic symptoms, their onset may be delayed from 6 to 30 hours following ingestion. Ethanol competes for the same metabolic pathway and has been used to prevent methanol metabolism. Ethanol administration is indicated in symptomatic patients or at blood methanol concentrations above 20 ug/dl. Methanol is effectively removed by hemodialysis. Adrenalin should never be given to a person overexposed to methylene chloride.

Methylene Chloride is an aspiration hazard. Risk of aspiration must be weighed against possible toxicity of the material when determining whether to induce emesis or to perform gastric lavage. This material sensitizes the heart to the effects of sympathomimetic amines. Epinephrine and other sympathomimetic drugs may initiate cardiac arrhythmias in individuals exposed to this material. This material is metabolized to carbon monoxide. Consequently, elevations in carboxyhemoglobin as high as 50% have been reported, and levels may continue to rise for several hours after exposure has ceased. Data in experimental animals suggest there is a narrow margin between concentrations causing anesthesia and death.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Pt:	NE
Explosive Limits:	LEL: No data. UEL: No data.
Autoignition Pt:	No data.
Suitable Extinguishing Media:	Use carbon dioxide, dry powder, or foam.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:	None known.
Fire Fighting Instructions:	Self-contained respiratory protection should be provided for fire fighters fighting fires in buildings or confined areas. Storage containers exposed to fire should be kept cool with water spray to prevent pressure build-up. Stay away from heads of containers that have been exposed to intense heat or flame.
Flammable Properties and Hazards:	Contact of liquid or vapor with flame or hot surface will produce toxic gasses and a corrosive residue that will cause deterioration of metal.
	FLASHPOINT: NO FLASH TO BOILING

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled:	Vapors may cause flash fire or ignite explosively.
	Clean up: Keep unnecessary people away; isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind, out of low areas, and ventilate closed spaces before entering. Shut off ignition sources; keep flares, smoking or flames out of hazard area. Use non-sparking tools. Use proper bonding and grounding methods for all equipment and processes. Keep out of sewers, waterways and bodies of water. Be cautious of vapors collecting in small enclosed spaces, sewers, low lying areas, confined spaces, etc.
	Small spills: Take up with sand, earth or other noncombustible absorbent material and place in a plastic container where applicable.
	Large spills: Dike far ahead of spill for later disposal.
	Waste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with applicable local, state and federal regulations.

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7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions To Be Taken in Handling:

Read carefully all cautions and directions on product label before use. Since empty container retains residue, follow all label warnings even after container is empty. Dispose of empty container according to all regulations. Do not reuse this container.

Once opened, remover should be used within six months or disposed of properly to avoid can deterioration.

Precautions To Be Taken in Storing:

Store in a cool dry place. Exposure to high temperatures or prolonged exposure to sun may cause can to leak or swell. Once opened, remover should be used within six months or discarded to avoid can deterioration. Do not store near flames or at elevated temperatures.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

CAS #	Partial Chemical Name	OSHA TWA	ACGIH TWA	Other Limits
75-09-2	Dichloromethane {Methylene chloride; R-30; Freon 30}	PEL: 25 ppm STEL: 125 ppm (15 min)	TLV: 50 ppm	No data.
67-56-1	Methanol {Methyl alcohol; Carbinol; Wood alcohol}	PEL: 200 ppm	TLV: 200 ppm STEL: 250 ppm	No data.
67-63-0	Isopropyl alcohol {sec-Propyl alcohol; IPA; 2-Propanol}	PEL: 400 ppm	TLV: 200 ppm STEL: 400 ppm	No data.
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated light distillate (petroleum)	No data.	TLV: 200 mg/m3	No data.

Respiratory Equipment (Specify Type):

For OSHA controlled work places and other regular users - Use only with adequate ventilation under engineered air control systems designed to prevent exceeding the appropriate TLV.

For use in areas with inadequate ventilation or fresh air, wear a properly maintained and properly fitted NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus.

A dust mask does not provide protection against vapors.

Eye Protection:

Safety glasses, chemical goggles, or face shields are recommended to safeguard against potential eye contact, irritation, or injury. Chemical goggles or face shields are recommended when splashing or spraying of chemical is possible. A faceshield provides more protection to help reduce chemical contact to the face and eyes.

Protective Gloves:

Wear gloves with as much resistance to the chemical ingredients as possible and for conditions of use. Laminated film gloves offer the best possible protection. Other glove materials will be degraded by methylene chloride, but may provide protection for some amount of time, based on the type of glove and the conditions of use. Consult your glove supplier for additional information. Gloves contaminated with product should be discarded and not reused.

Other Protective Clothing:

Various application methods can dictate use of additional protective safety equipment, such as impermeable aprons, etc., to minimize exposure.

Engineering Controls (Ventilation etc.):

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

Use only with adequate ventilation to prevent buildup of vapors. Do not use in areas where vapors can accumulate and concentrate, such as basements, bathrooms or small enclosed areas. Whenever possible, use outdoors in an open air area. If using indoors

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open all windows and doors and maintain a cross ventilation of moving fresh air across the work area. If strong odor is noticed or you experience slight dizziness, headache, nausea or eye-watering -- STOP -- ventilation is inadequate. Leave area immediately and move to fresh air.

Work/Hygienic/Maintenance Practices: Wash hands thoroughly after use and before eating, drinking, or smoking.

Do not eat, drink, or smoke in the work area.

Discard any clothing or other protective equipment that cannot be decontaminated.

Facilities storing or handling this material should be equipped with an emergency eyewash and safety shower.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical States:	[] Gas [X] Liquid [] Solid	
Appearance and Odor:	Hazy, colorless, viscous liquid.	
Melting Point:	No data.	
Boiling Point:	104.00 F	
Autoignition Pt:	No data.	
Flash Pt:	NE	
Explosive Limits:	LEL: No data.	UEL: No data.
Specific Gravity (Water = 1):	1.2	
Density:	10.1 LB/GL	
Vapor Pressure (vs. Air or mm Hg):	20 MM HG at 20.0 C	
Vapor Density (vs. Air = 1):	> 1	
Evaporation Rate:	< 1	
Solubility in Water:	slight	
pH:	7.4 - 8.4	
Percent Volatile:	98.0 % by weight.	
VOC / Volume:	132.0000 G/L	

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:	Unstable [] Stable [X]
Conditions To Avoid - Instability:	No data available.
Incompatibility - Materials To Avoid:	bases, oxygen, sodium, potassium, strong acids, strong oxidizing materials, reactive metals
Hazardous Decomposition Or Byproducts:	Thermal decomposition may produce hydrogen chloride; chlorine gas; small quantities of phosgene; carbon monoxide; carbon dioxide; formaldehyde; and unidentified organic compounds in black smoke.
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:	Will occur [] Will not occur [X]
Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Reactions:	No data available.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological Information: This product has not been tested as a whole. Refer to section 2 for acute and chronic health effects.

Carcinogenicity/Other Information: CAS# 75-09-2:
 Tumorigenic Effects:, TCLo, Inhalation, Rat, 3500. PPM, 6 Y.
 Result:
 Tumorigenic: Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria.
 Endocrine: Tumors.
 - Fundamental and Applied Toxicology., Academic Press, Inc., 1 E. First St., Duluth, MN 55802, Vol/p/yr: 4,30, 1984

Standard Draize Test, Eyes, Species: Rabbit, 100.0 MG, Severe.
 Result:
 Effects on Newborn: Growth statistics (e.g., reduced weight gain).
 Effects on Newborn: Physical.
 - Union Carbide Data Sheet, Union Carbide Corp., 39 Old Ridgebury Rd., Danbury, CT 06817, Vol/p/yr: 4/25, 1958

Standard Draize Test, Skin, Species: Rabbit, 810.0 MG, 24 H, Severe.
 Result:
 Specific Developmental Abnormalities: Musculoskeletal system.
 - European Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Hygiene., For publisher information, see TOERD9, Paris France, Vol/p/yr: 9,171, 1976

IARC 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans
 ACGIH A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans

CAS #	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	NTP	IARC	ACGIH	OSHA
75-09-2	Dichloromethane {Methylene chloride; R-30; Freon 30}	Possible	2B	A3	Yes
67-56-1	Methanol {Methyl alcohol; Carbinol; Wood alcohol}	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
67-63-0	Isopropyl alcohol {sec-Propyl alcohol; IPA; 2-Propanol}	n.a.	3	A4	n.a.
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated light distillate (petroleum)	n.a.	n.a.	A4	n.a.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Ecological Information: This product has not been tested as a whole.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method: Dispose in accordance with applicable local, state, and federal regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND TRANSPORT (US DOT):

DOT Proper Shipping Name: Paint related material
DOT Hazard Class: 8 CORROSIVE
UN/NA Number: UN3066 **Packing Group:** II



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Additional Transport Information:

The shipper/supplier may apply one of the following exceptions: Combustible Liquid, Consumer Commodity, Limited Quantity, Viscous Liquid, Does Not Sustain Combustion, or others, as allowed under 49CFR Hazmat Regulations. Please consult 49CFR Subchapter C to ensure that subsequent shipments comply with these exceptions.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPA SARA (Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986) Lists

CAS #	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	S. 302 (EHS)	S. 304 RQ	S. 313 (TRI)
75-09-2	Dichloromethane {Methylene chloride; R-30; Freon 30}	No	Yes 1000 LB	Yes
67-56-1	Methanol {Methyl alcohol; Carbinol; Wood alcohol}	No	Yes 5000 LB	Yes
67-63-0	Isopropyl alcohol {sec-Propyl alcohol; IPA; 2-Propanol}	No	No	Yes
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated light distillate (petroleum)	No	No	No

This material meets the EPA Yes No Acute (immediate) Health Hazard
'Hazard Categories' defined Yes No Chronic (delayed) Health Hazard
for SARA Title III Sections Yes No Fire Hazard
311/312 as indicated: Yes No Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard
 Yes No Reactive Hazard

CAS #	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	Other US EPA or State Lists
75-09-2	Dichloromethane {Methylene chloride; R-30; Freon 30}	CAA HAP,ODC: HAP; CWA NPDES: Yes; TSCA: Yes - Inventory, 8A CAIR; CA PROP.65: Yes
67-56-1	Methanol {Methyl alcohol; Carbinol; Wood alcohol}	CAA HAP,ODC: HAP; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Yes - Inventory; CA PROP.65: Yes
67-63-0	Isopropyl alcohol {sec-Propyl alcohol; IPA; 2-Propanol}	CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Yes - Inventory, 4 Test; CA PROP.65: No
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated light distillate (petroleum)	CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Yes - Inventory; CA PROP.65: No

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date: 04/22/2015
Preparer Name: W.M. Barr EHS Dept (901)775-0100

Additional Information About No data available.

This Product:**Company Policy or Disclaimer:**

The information contained herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. This information is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.